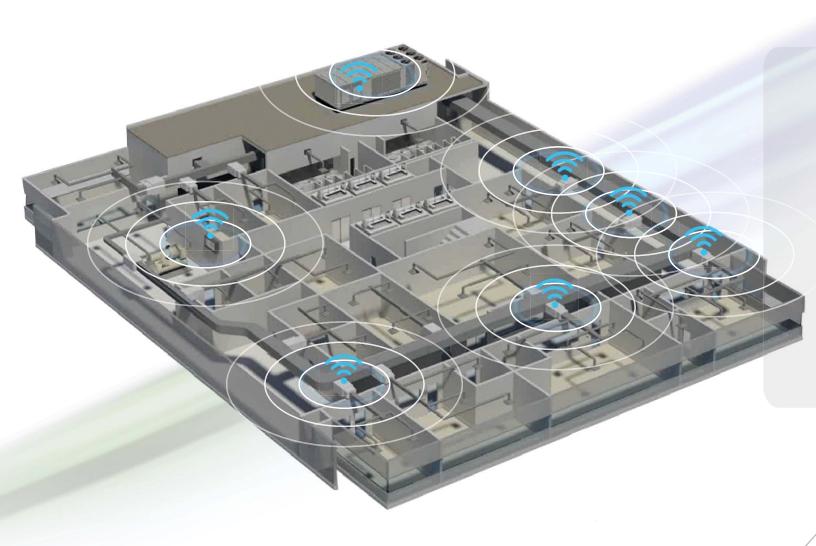


# Trane Engineers Newsletter Live Controls Communication Technology with Trane Engineers Jim Kohl and Dan Kollodge





Trane program number: APP-CMC066-EN www.trane.com/ENL



Trane Engineers Newsletter Live Series

### Controls Communication Technology

### Abstract

The marketplace demands open, standard communication protocols to deliver flexible and interoperable control systems for building owners. Recent innovations in the industry have made this even more prevalent. This program discusses BACnet<sup>®</sup> communication protocol, with emphasis on specifications, various wireless communication options, and where each best applies, and concludes with a comparison of wired versus wireless communication.

Presenters: Trane engineers Jim Kohl and Dan Kollodge

### After viewing attendees will be able to:

- 1. Specify BACnet communications for an interoperable building automation system
- 2. Identify BTL certified control devices
- 3. Understand the pros and cons of BACnet MS/TP versus BACnet/IP
- 4. Properly apply various wireless technologies to where they best fit
- 5. Explain the benefits of using wireless communication for HVAC control

### Agenda

Specifying BACnet

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Device profiles
- $\cdot$  BTL certified devices
- BACnet MS/TP versus BACnet/IP

Wireless communication options

Wired versus wireless communication





### **Presenter biographies** Controls Communication Technology

### Jim Kohl | senior product manager| Trane

Jim has over 35 years of experience in filtration and HVAC, including product management, product design, and applications engineering. In his role as a Trane controls product manager he is primarily responsible for for wireless technologies, chiller controls, and rooftop controls. He holds several patents.

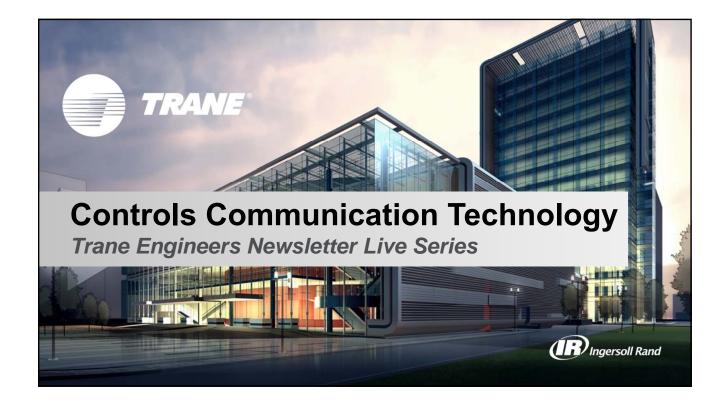
Kohl received his MBA from Metropolitan State University in 2002, where he continued on as an adjunct professor within the Marketing department.

### Dan Kollodge | systems applications engineer | Trane

Dan has been with Trane for 14 years. He has worked as an applications engineer for the past ten and was a product development engineer prior to his current position. He is responsible for integrating of BAS equipment and controls into Trane building automation systems and assists Trane offices with BAS design and integration opportunities.

He serves on the ASHRAE SSPC-135 (BACnet) committee. Dan graduated from the University of Minnesota with a BS in Computer Engineering.







# **Copyrighted Materials**

This document is for informational purposes only and does not constitute legal advice. Trane believes the facts and suggestions presented here to be accurate. However, final design and application decisions are your responsibility. Trane disclaims any responsibility for actions taken on the material presented.

Trane, the Circle Logo, and Air-Fi are trademarks of Trane in the United States and other countries. AIA is a registered trademark of the American Institute of Architects. LEED is a registered trademark of U.S. Green Building Council. GBCI is a registered trademark of Green Business Certification Inc. ASHRAE and BACnet are registered trademarks of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc. ANSI is a registered trademark of American National Standards Institute. BTL, BACnet Testing Laboratories, the BTL Logo and the BACnet International logo are registered trademarks of BACnet® International. Bluetooth is a registered trademark of EnOcean GmbH. Z-Wave is a registered trademark of Sigma Designs, Inc. ZigBee is a registered trademark of AES Corporation. IEEE is a registered trademark of The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. AII trademarks referenced are the trademarks of their respective owners.

Trane is a brand of Ingersoll Rand, a world leader in creating comfortable, sustainable and efficient environments. Ingersoll Rand's family of brands includes Club Car<sup>®</sup>, Ingersoll Rand<sup>®</sup>, Thermo King<sup>®</sup> and Trane<sup>®</sup>.

#### **Copyrighted Materials**

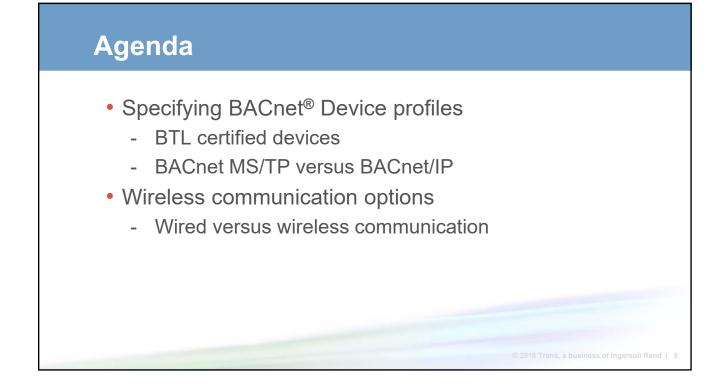
This training documentation is protected by U.S. and international copyright laws. Reproduction, distribution, display, and use of the presentation without written permission of Trane is prohibited.

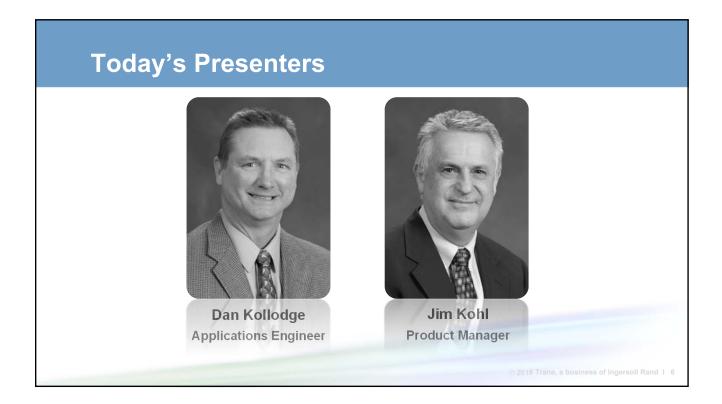
© 2018 Ingersoll Rand. All Rights Reserved.

© 2018 Trane, a business of Ingersoll Rand I 3

# Learning objectives

- 1. Specify BACnet<sup>®</sup> communications for an interoperable building automation system
- 2. Identify BTL certified control devices
- 3. Understand the pros and cons of BACnet MS/TP versus BACnet/IP
- 4. Properly apply various wireless technologies to where they best fit
- Explain the benefits of using wireless communication for HVAC control





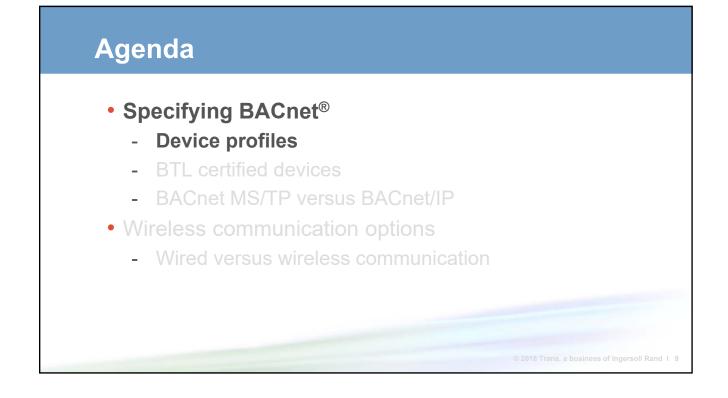
"What should I write in a specification so that this site will have an interoperable BACnet<sup>®</sup> automation system?"

## The BACnet<sup>®</sup> Standard

### ANSI<sup>®</sup>/ASHRAE<sup>®</sup> Standard 135

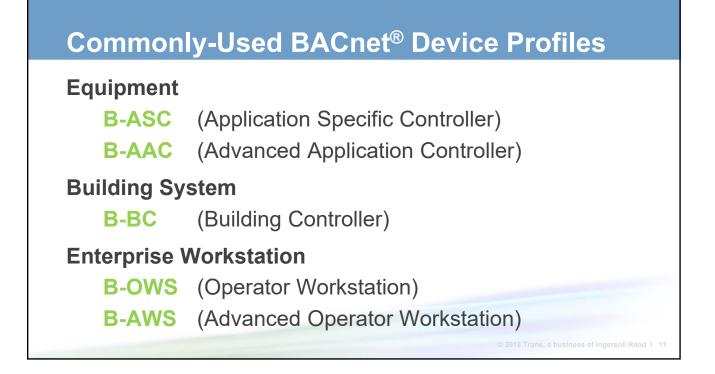
- > 1300 pages
- Prescribes how protocol works and how it must be implemented
- Intended to scale from simple devices to enterprise systems

<b>NANDARD</b>	ASHRAE
	ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2016 (Supervodes ANSUASHIJAE Standard 135-2017)
A D <sub>ata</sub> Com Build: P	BACnet Munice standard (35-2017)
Building Al and Control	rotocol for
Unne.	"'YINAtia
This Standard to under Contractor and of this Mandard for spectral does a Committee has english contractor and the Annual Anderson Material Standards, and then a Committee has englished contractor and	-works
<ul> <li>Instant of Grant and an antice from a final material for a final material formation of the final material material</li></ul>	onvestere (SSPC) for which the Standards nature resisting, including process, instance resisting, including process,
Addregate mine devair many te discut on regional Single of public of Addregate devair many te discut of interfaces of the public of Single of the single of the single of the single of the order in (Liss of Single of the Single of the order in (Liss of Charles), Teles of the order of Charles of the often (Mill-2016).	Sandrid (www.staffer submitted form Sandrid way be parchase of in paper e Circle, NZ, Abrins, CA 20239-2305, 665), or toll free 1.400.522.27523 (for
© 2018 Trane,	Rand I 8



# **BACnet<sup>®</sup> Device Profiles**

- "Short hand" method to describe intended use of a device
- Each profile is comprised of five functional groups:
  - Data sharing
  - Alarm and event management
  - Scheduling
  - Trending
  - Device and network management
- Defines minimum set of BACnet functionality supported
  - BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks (BIBBs)

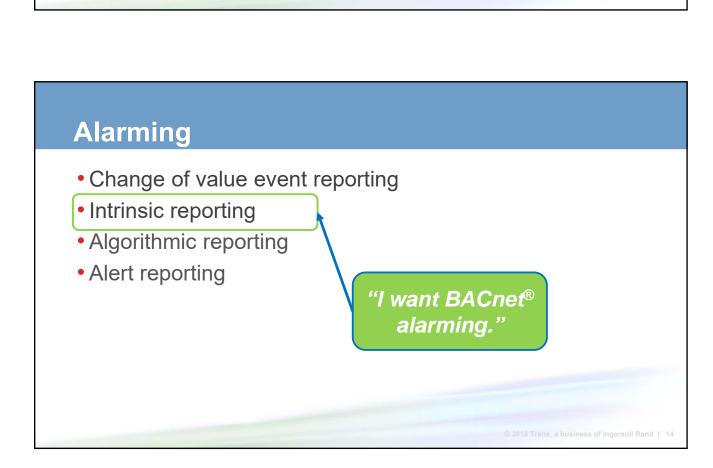




# **B-A<u>A</u>C Device Profile**

### Advanced Application Specific Controller (B-AAC)

- Focused on a piece of equipment
- Functional areas supported
  - Data sharing
  - Alarm and event management
  - Scheduling
  - Device and network management

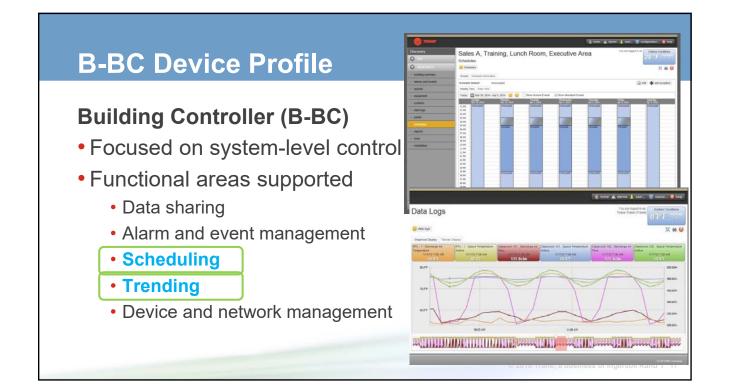




# **Alarming Specification Language**

"All devices that control and/or monitor equipment shall support BACnet<sup>®</sup> intrinsic reporting."

"All devices that meet the B-ASC device profile requirements shall support BACnet intrinsic reporting."



# **B-OWS and B-AWS Device Profile**

Operator Workstation (B-OWS) Advanced Operator Workstation (B-AWS)

- Software applications for a PC or server
- Functional areas supported
  - Data sharing
  - Alarm and event management
  - Scheduling
  - Trending
  - Device and network management





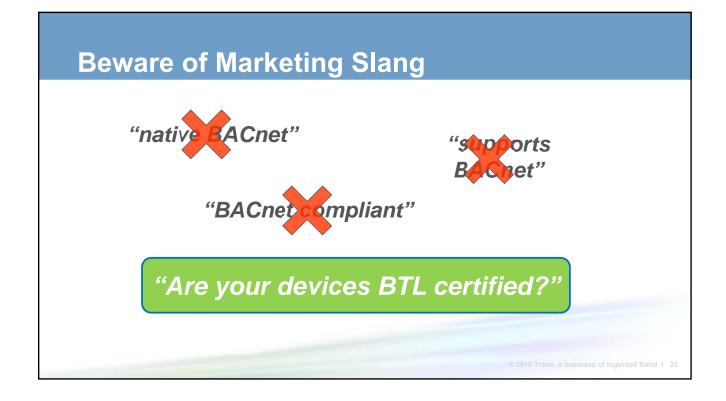
## **BACnet<sup>®</sup> International**

- Industry association that facilitates successful use of BACnet protocol worldwide
  - Sponsors BACnet interoperability testing and certification program
  - Sustains and funds BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL)
  - Disseminates information about BACnet technology and products
  - · Organizes educational events and documentation

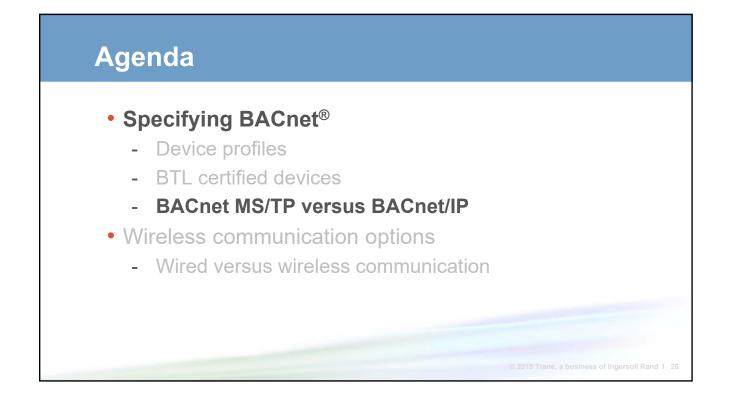
# www.BACnetInternational.org

# <section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item>

# <section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item>









### **BACnet MS/TP**

- Master-Slave Token Passing
- RS-485 protocol
- Twisted two- or three-conductor shielded cable with drain wire
- Devices connected in a "daisy chain" configuration
- 76.8 or 38.4 kbit/s baud rate

### BACnet/IP

•

• Internet Protocol (IP)

Ethernet cable

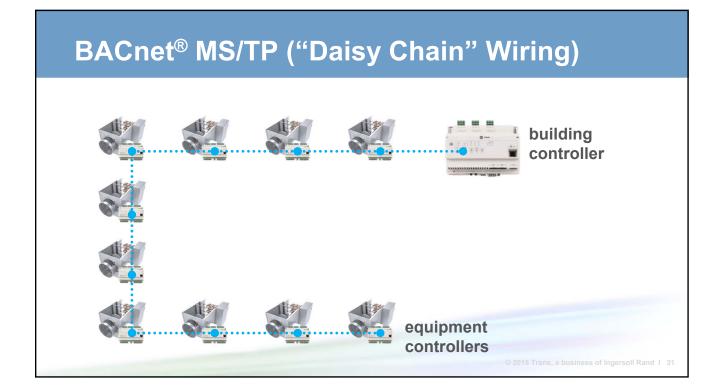
- (a) Frank
- Devices connected with "home run" wiring to an IT switch
- 100 Mbit/s baud rate

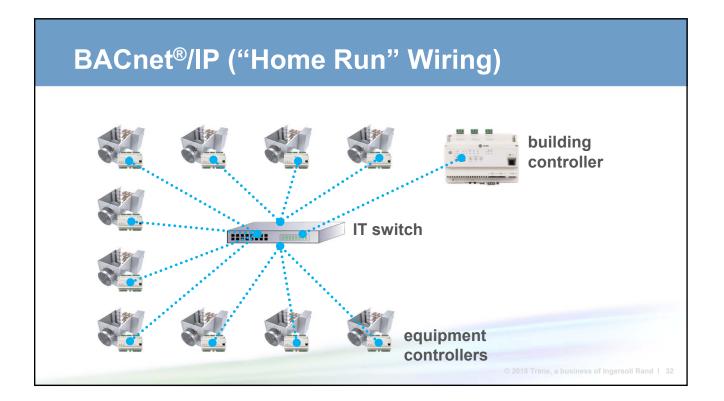
	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		



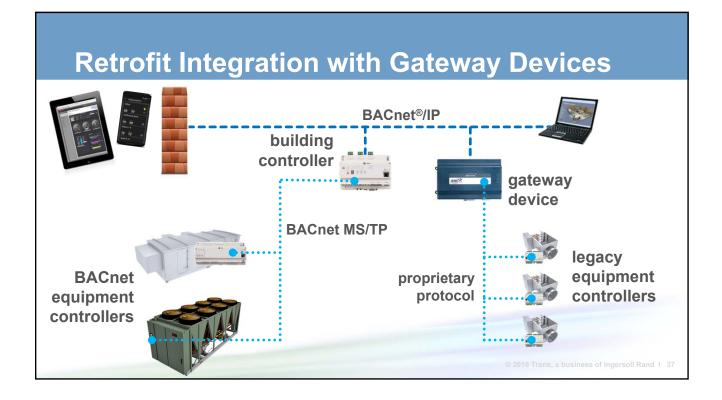


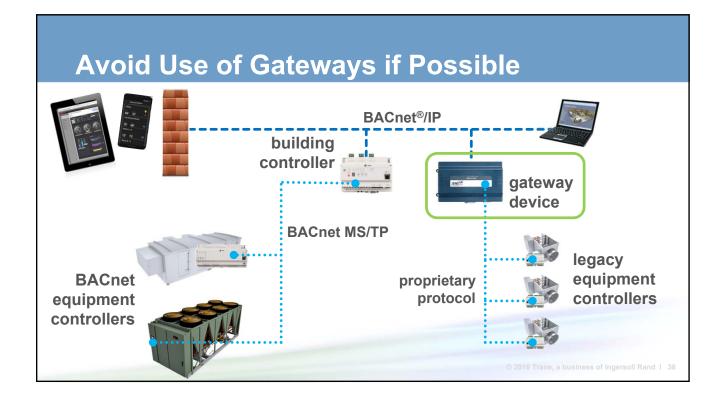
	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

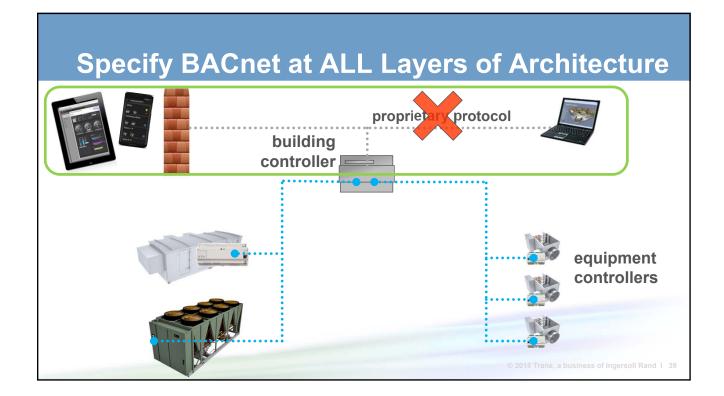
	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

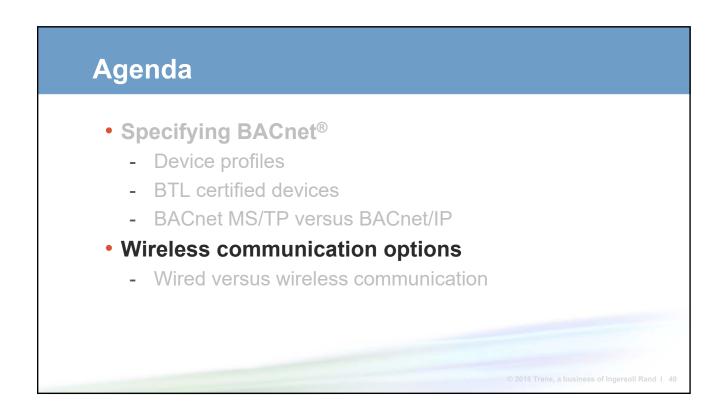
	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		

	BACnet <sup>®</sup> MS/TP	BACnet/IP
Speed		
Device cost		
Wire cost		
Infrastructure cost		
Network reliability		
Security		
IT department support		









## **Past Wireless Solutions**

- Standards not specifically designed for HVAC controls
- Limited applications
- High maintenance costs
- Limited reliability



# **Today's Wireless Solutions**

- New standards
- Longer battery life
- Improved reliability
- Easier installation
- Lower installed cost



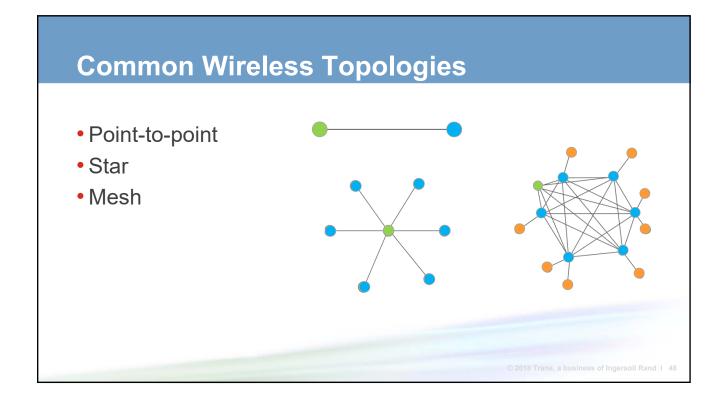
	Power Source	Data Rate	Quantity
Sensors			
Equipment controls			
Buildings controls			
Tools			

	Power Source	Data Rate	Quantity
Sensors	Batteries (years) Power harvesting	Low	Many
Equipment controls			
Buildings controls			
Tools			
10015			

	Power Source	Data Rate	Quantity
Sensors	Batteries (years) Power harvesting	Low	Many
Equipment controls	Line power	Moderate	Many
Buildings controls			
Tools			

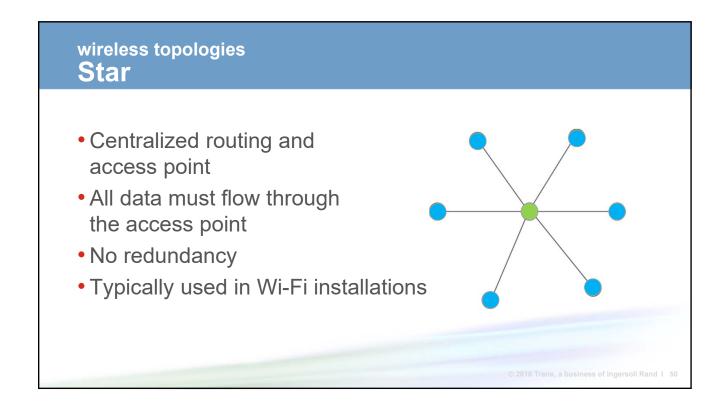
	Power Source	Data Rate	Quantity
Sensors	Batteries (years) Power harvesting	Low	Many
Equipment controls	Line power	Moderate	Many
Buildings controls	Line power	High	Few
Tools			

Power	ies (years) harvesting	Low	Many	
Equipment controls Line p	-			
	ower	Moderate	Many	
Buildings controls Line p	ower	High	Few	
Tools Batter	ies (hours)	High	Few	



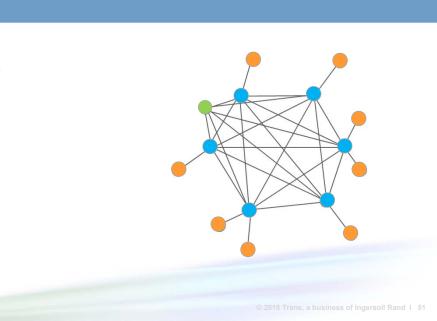
### wireless topologies Point-to-Point

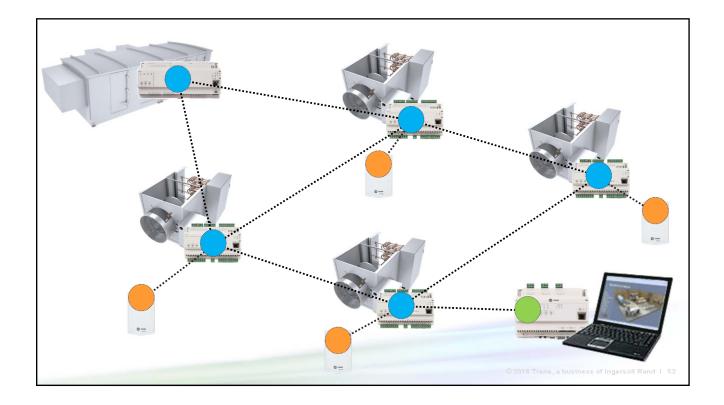
- Direct communication between two devices
- Consumes least amount of power
- No redundancy

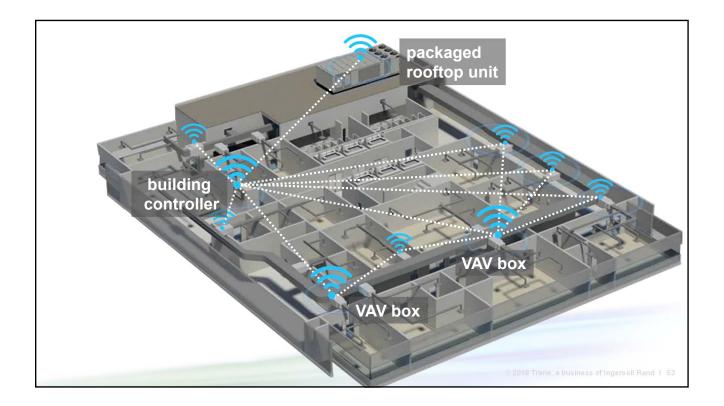


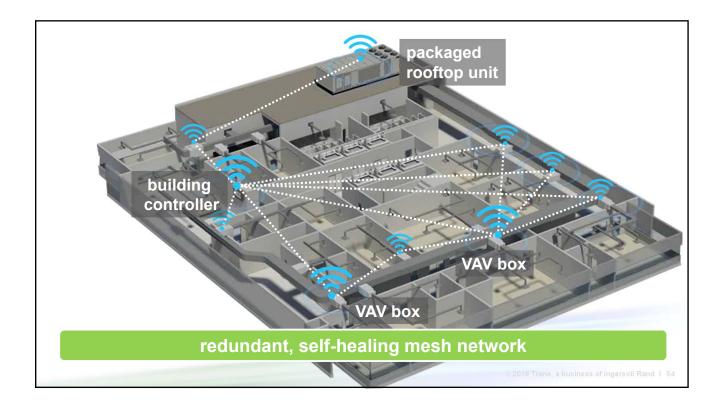
### wireless topologies Mesh

- Full redundancy
- Self-configuring
- Self-healing









# **Common Wireless Technologies**

- Wi- $Fi^{\mathbb{R}}$
- Bluetooth®
- EnOcean®
- $\bullet$  Z-Wave<sup>®</sup>
- Zigbee<sup>®</sup>



Wireless Technology	Typical Range (meters)	Data Rate	Topologies Supported	Power
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.11 b/ <u>g</u> /n	70	600 Mbit/s	Point-to-point Star	Battery (hours)
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.1	10	25 Mbit/s	Point-to-point	Battery (days)
EnOcean <sup>®</sup> ISO/IEC 14543-3-10	30	125 kbps	Point-to-point	Power harvesting Battery (years)
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	30	40 kbps	Mesh	Battery (years)
Zigbee <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.4	70*	250 kbps	Point-to-point Star Mesh	Battery (years)

## Wi-Fi<sup>®</sup>

- Good for high data rate applications
- Can be tied to building WLAN
  - » But security may be a concern for some
  - » May constrain higher priority applications and users
- Limited topologies may compromise reliability
- Power consumption limits application
- Supports BACnet communications

Best suited for building controllers & high data rate equipment controllers

Wireless Technology	Typical Range (meters)	Data Rate	Topologies Supported	Power
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.11 b/g/n	70	600 Mbit/s	Point-to-point Star	Battery (hours)
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.1	10	25 Mbit/s	Point-to-point	Battery (days)
EnOcean <sup>®</sup> ISO/IEC 14543-3-10	30	125 kbps	Point-to-point	Power harvesting Battery (years)
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	30	40 kbps	Mesh	Battery (years)
Zigbee <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.4	70*	250 kbps	Point-to-point Star Mesh	Battery (years)

# Bluetooth® Good for high data rate applications Limited topologies may compromise reliability Does not support standard BACnet communications Best suited for service tools

Wireless Technology	Typical Range (meters)	Data Rate	Topologies Supported	Power
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.11 b/g/n	70	600 Mbit/s	Point-to-point Star	Battery (hours)
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.1	10	25 Mbit/s	Point-to-point	Battery (days)
EnOcean <sup>®</sup> ISO/IEC 14543-3-10	30	125 kbps	Point-to-point	Power harvesting Battery (years)
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	30	40 kbps	Mesh	Battery (years)
Zigbee <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.4	70*	250 kbps	Point-to-point Star Mesh	Battery (years)

# EnOcean®

- Good for low power consumption applications
- Limited topologies may compromise reliability
- Data rate limits application
- Does not directly support BACnet communications

### Best suited for sensors and end devices

Wireless Technology	Typical Range (meters)	Data Rate	Topologies Supported	Power
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.11 b/g/n	70	600 Mbit/s	Point-to-point Star	Battery (hours)
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.1	10	25 Mbit/s	Point-to-point	Battery (days)
EnOcean <sup>®</sup> ISO/IEC 14543-3-10	30	125 kbps	Point-to-point	Power harvesting Battery (years)
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	30	40 kbps	Mesh	Battery (years)
Zigbee <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.4	70*	250 kbps	Point-to-point Star Mesh	Battery (years)

# Z-Wave<sup>®</sup>

- Good for low power consumption applications
- Data rate limits application
- Does not directly support BACnet communications

### Best suited for sensors and end devices

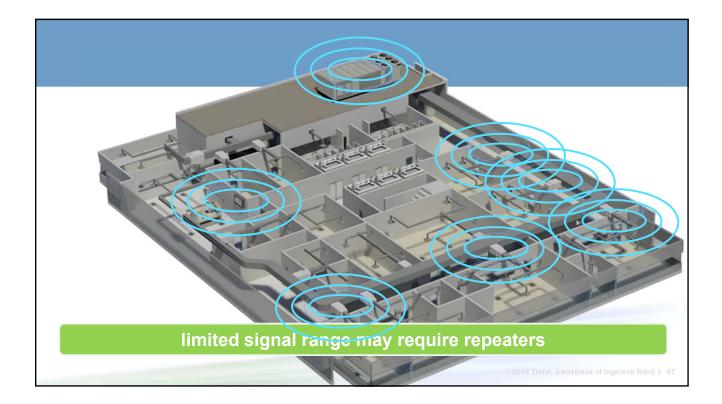
Wireless Technology	Typical Range (meters)	Data Rate	Topologies Supported	Power
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.11 b/g/n	70	600 Mbit/s	Point-to-point Star	Battery (hours)
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.1	10	25 Mbit/s	Point-to-point	Battery (days)
EnOcean <sup>®</sup> ISO/IEC 14543-3-10	30	125 kbps	Point-to-point	Power harvesting Battery (years)
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	30	40 kbps	Mesh	Battery (years)
Zigbee <sup>®</sup> IEEE 802.15.4	70*	250 kbps	Point-to-point Star Mesh	Battery (years)

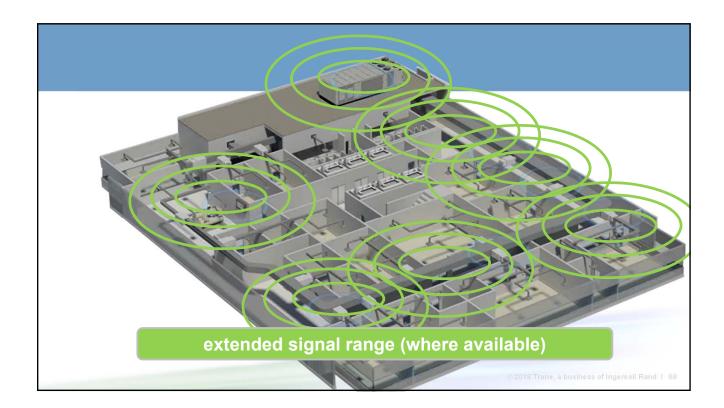
## Zigbee®

- Good for low power consumption applications
- Moderate data rate expands applications
- Support BACnet communications

#### Best suited for sensors and equipment controllers

Wireless Technology	Typical Uses	
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup>	Replaces Ethernet cable (building controllers)	
Bluetooth®	Short range, moderate data rate applications (service tools)	
EnOcean <sup>®</sup>	Moderate range, low data rate applications (sensors, lighting)	
Z-Wave <sup>®</sup>	Moderate range, low data rate applications (residential thermostats, lighting)	
Zigbee®	Moderate range, moderate data rate applications (commercial buildings, sensors, equipment controls)	

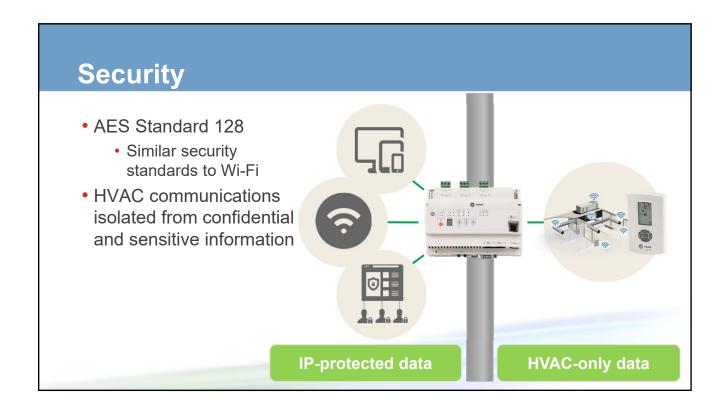


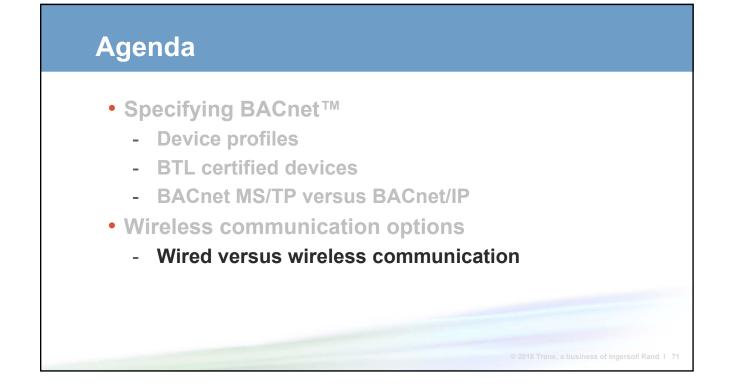


#### Coexistence

- Designed to IEEE standards for reliable coexistence
  - Channel management
  - Carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance
- Proven to reliably coexist in challenging environments
  - Hospitals
  - Stadiums
  - Distribution warehouses



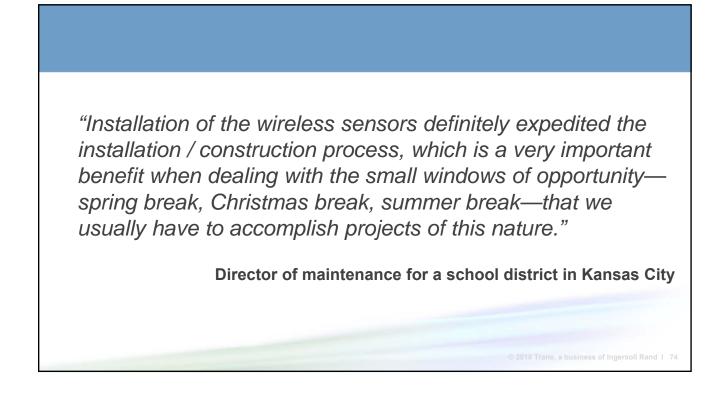




#### Advantages of Wired Communications

- 1. Applicable in extremely "noisy" environments
  - Example: MRI room
- 2. Reduced security concerns
  - Example: defense industries
- **3**. Easy wiring (fixed location, few devices, close proximity)
  - Example: large equipment located in a mechanical room

# <section-header> Advantages of Wireless Communications Lower installed cost, faster project completion Eliminates need to pull or repair wire Avoid penetrating structures and hazardous materials (especially beneficial on historical buildings)





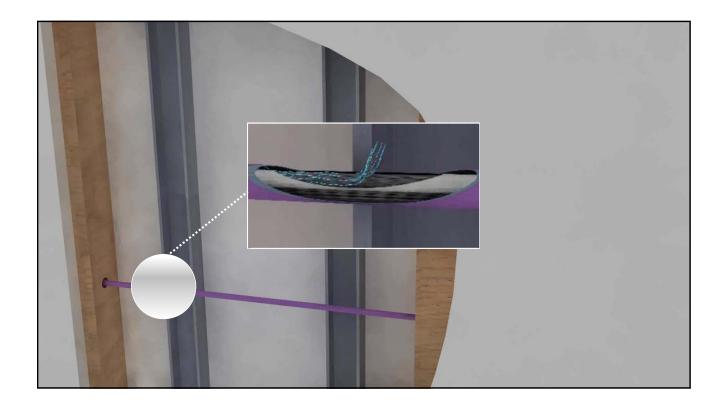
#### Advantages of Wire<u>less</u> Communications

- 1. Lower installed cost, faster project completion
- 2. Easier problem solving
  - Easy to relocate devices for improved sensing accuracy



## Advantages of Wireless Communications

- 1. Lower installed cost, faster project completion
- 2. Easier problem solving
  - Easy to relocate devices for improved sensing accuracy
  - No damaged communication wire to troubleshoot



#### Advantages of Wireless Communications

- 1. Lower installed cost, faster project completion
- 2. Easier problem solving
  - Easy to relocate devices for improved sensing accuracy
  - No damaged communication wire to troubleshoot
- 3. Easier to move if space is reconfigured or to provide easier access

#### **Specifying Wireless Communications**

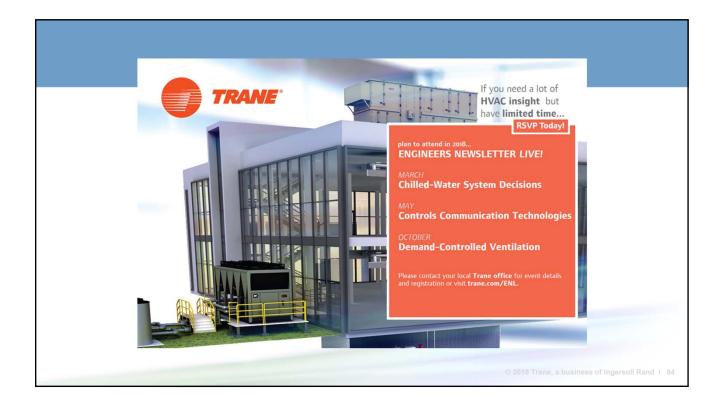
- 200-ft design range
- Mesh topology
- IEEE®
- Lifetime batteries (or power harvesting)
- Battery condition indicator and alarming
- Certified, open standard solutions (BACnet, Zigbee)

reliability, security, minimal maintenance, easy to integrate

Where to Learn M	Nore
TRANS TR	TRANE Applications Engineering Manual
<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	Rootop VAV Systems
See Market Barter, San Kanan,	APP-CMC005-EN SYS-APM007-EN

# Continuing Education Courses on-demand, no charge, earn LEED, PDH, AIA credits

- **NEW!** Demand Response in Commercial Buildings •
- **NEW!** High Performance Air Systems •
- Acoustics in Outdoor HVAC Systems •
- HVAC Myths and Realities •
- New Fan Efficiency Regulations and Technology •
- Trends in Small Rooftop Systems
- All-Variable Speed Compressors on Chillers
- ASHRAE Standard 62.1, 90.1 and 189.1
- All Variable-Speed Chiller Plant Operation



EDUCATION PROVIDER

-RO







May 2018

#### Industry Resources

Controls Communication Technology ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135: BACnet<sup>™</sup> - A Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks. Available from <u>www.ashrae.org/bookstore</u>

BACnet International web site: www.BACnetInternational.org

BACnet Testing Laboratories (BTL) web site: <u>www.BACnetlabs.org</u>

ZigBee Alliance web site: <u>www.zigbee.org</u>

ZigBee Alliance. *ZigBee and Wireless Radio Frequency Coexistence* white paper. Available from <u>https://www.trane.com/content/dam/Trane/Commercial/global/controls/building-mgmt/Air-Fi/ZigBee%20Wireless%20Whitepaper.pdf</u>

#### **Trane Resources**

Trane. "HVAC System Control" Air Conditioning Clinic. TRG-TRC017-EN. 2018.

Trane Air-Fi® Wireless Communications web site www.trane.com/Air-Fi



## Trane Engineers Newsletter LIVE: Controls Communication Technology APP-CMC066-EN QUIZ

- 1. The BACnet standard is published by which organization?
  - a. U.S. Department of Energy
  - b. AHRI
  - c. ASHRAE
- 2. TRUE of FALSE: Intrinsic alarming is the functionality in BACnet that allows an alarm that originates at the equipment-level controller to be shared up to the building controller and/or the enterprise workstation.
- 3. Which term is used by BACnet International to identify a device that has been tested by an independent lab in order to verify that the supported BACnet functionality works as expected?
  - a. Native BACnet
  - b. BTL certified
  - c. Supports BACnet
  - d. BACnet compliant
- 4. Which of the following wireless topologies has the capability to self-form and self-heal, so that if a communication path is lost, the device will search for a different path?
  - a. Point-to-point
  - b. Star
  - c. Mesh
- 5. Which of the following are possible advantages of using wireless communications for HVAC control?
  - a. Faster project completion
  - b. Avoids the need to penetrate structure
  - c. Easier to relocate devices for improved sensing or when space usage changes
  - d. All of the above